

11 - EQ - 3.2 Standard Form

Use the following information to answer Q1-Q4:

$$f(x) = -\frac{1}{2}x^2 - 2x + 6$$

Negative... opens down.

y-intercept is +6

Q1: The function opens i, and has a y-intercept of ii.

	i	ii
A.	Up	-6
B.	Up	+6
C.	Down	-6
D.	Down	+6

Q2: The zeroes of the function are $x = -a$, $x = b$, where a and b are ___ and ___.

(Record your two-digit answer in the Numerical Response boxes below)

6	2		
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x-intercept \rightarrow set $y = 0$

$$0 = -\frac{1}{2}x^2 - 2x + 6$$

$$\bullet (-2) \bullet (-2) \bullet (-2) \bullet (-2)$$

$$0 = x^2 + 4x - 12$$

$$0 = (x-2)(x+6)$$

$$\begin{aligned} x-2 &= 0 \\ x &= 2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} x+6 &= 0 \\ x &= -6 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} -2 + 6 \\ \square + \square &= 4 \\ \square \times \square &= -12 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{|l} 1, 12 \\ \hline 2, 6 \\ \hline 3, 4 \end{array}$$

Q3: Determine the coordinates of the vertex. (2 marks)

Axis of symmetry is halfway between the zeroes.

$$\frac{(2) + (-6)}{2} = -2$$

Axis of symmetry is $x = -2$

Vertex occurs on axis of symmetry.

$$f(x) = -\frac{1}{2}(x)^2 - 2(x) + 6$$

$$f(-2) = -\frac{1}{2}(-2)^2 - 2(-2) + 6$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2}(4) - 2(-2) + 6$$

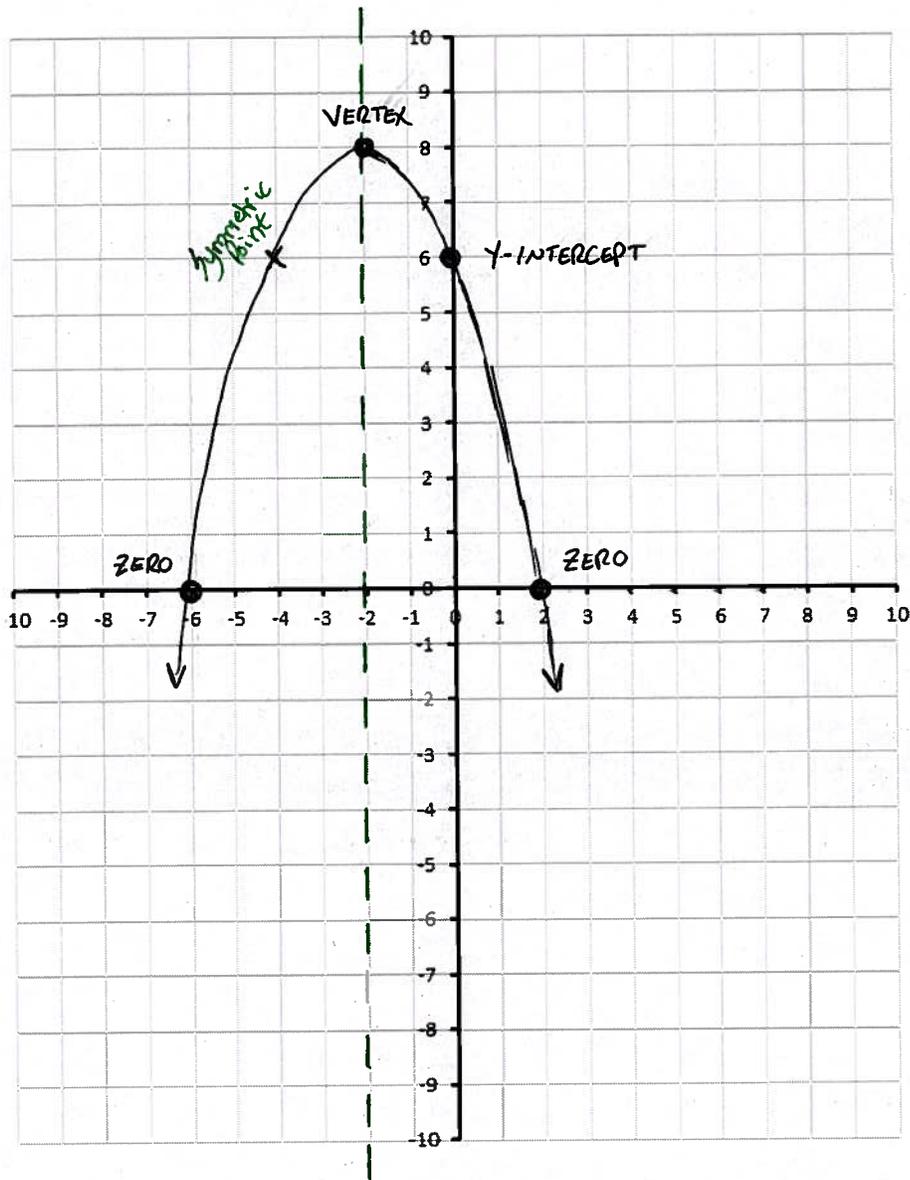
$$= -2 + 4 + 6$$

$$= 8$$

Vertex at $(-2, 8)$

Q4: Sketch the graph, labelling (a) Vertex, (b) Zeroes, (c) y-Intercept, and (d) Axis of Symmetry. (1/2 mark each; 2 marks total)

2 marks



MARKING:

Beginning	0.0 – 2.5
Progressing	3.0 – 4.0
Competent	4.5 – 5.5
Exemplary	6.0