

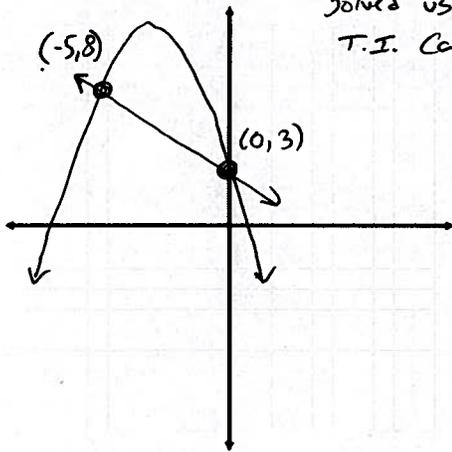
**Chapter 8 Systems of Equations Questions**

NAME \_\_\_\_\_

Determine the solution to the following system of equations graphically.

$$y = -x^2 - 6x + 3$$

$$y = -x + 3$$



Solved using  
T.I. Calculator.

The point (2, 5) is a solution to the following system of equations.

$$y = -\frac{1}{3}(x-2)^2 + 5$$

$$y = 2(x-k)^2 - 3$$

- How many possible solutions are there for  $k$ ? Explain how you determined your answer.
- Determine the value(s) for  $k$ .
- For one of these values of  $k$ , determine the other solution to the system of equations. Express your answer to the nearest hundredth. *Solve w/ T.I. Calculator*

$y = 2(x-k)^2 - 3$  Use (2,5)

$$5 = 2(2-k)^2 - 3$$

$$+3 \quad +3$$

$$8 = 2(2-k)^2$$

$$\div 2 \quad \div 2$$

$$4 = (2-k)^2$$

$$\pm\sqrt{4} = 2-k$$

$+2 = 2-k$   
 $-2 \quad -2$   
 $0 = -k$   
 $\div(-1) \quad \div(-1)$   
 $0 = k$

$-2 = 2-k$   
 $-2 \quad -2$   
 $-4 = -k$   
 $\div(-1) \quad \div(-1)$   
 $4 = k$

(a) Two possible values  
 (b)  $k = 0, 4$   
 (c) If  $k = 0$

$y = -\frac{1}{3}(x-2)^2 + 5$   
 $y = 2(x-0)^2 - 3$   
 Solns (2,5) and (-1.43, 1.08)

(c) If  $k = 4$

$y = -\frac{1}{3}(x-2)^2 + 5$   
 $y = 2(x-4)^2 - 3$   
 Solns (2,5) and (5.43, 1.08)

Determine algebraically the solution set to the following quadratic-quadratic system of equations.

$$y = -2x^2 - 3x + 3$$

$$y = -x^2 - x + \frac{7}{4}$$

$$0 = -x^2 - 2x + \frac{5}{4}$$

Calculator says zeros at  $x = \frac{1}{2}$  and  $x = -\frac{5}{2}$   
 Now show algebraic work  
 $a = -1 \quad b = -2 \quad c = \frac{5}{4}$

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a} = \frac{-(-2) \pm \sqrt{(-2)^2 - 4(-1)(\frac{5}{4})}}{2(-1)}$$

$$x = \frac{2 \pm \sqrt{4+5}}{-2} = \frac{2 \pm \sqrt{9}}{-2} = \frac{2 \pm 3}{-2}$$

$$x_1 = \frac{2+3}{-2} = \left[-\frac{5}{2}\right] \quad x_2 = \frac{2-3}{-2} = \left[\frac{1}{2}\right]$$

Soln  $(-\frac{5}{2}, -2)$       Soln  $(\frac{1}{2}, 1)$

The dimensions of a rectangle are represented by the expressions  $x - 4$  and  $x - 9$ .

- If the perimeter can be expressed as  $2y$  and the area represented by  $3y - 9$ , write equations in terms of  $x$  and  $y$  for the perimeter and the area of the rectangle.
- Solve the system of equations to determine the values of  $x$  and  $y$ .
- Determine the dimensions of the rectangle.
- What are the values of the perimeter and area of the rectangle?

(a)  $P = L + w + L + w$        $A = Lw$

$$2y = (x-4) + (x-9) + (x-4) + (x-9)$$

$$2y = 4x - 26$$

$$y = 2x - 13$$

$$3y - 9 = (x-4)(x-9)$$

$$3y - 9 = x^2 - 13x + 36$$

$$3y = x^2 - 13x + 45$$

$$y = \frac{1}{3}x^2 - \frac{13}{3}x + 15$$

(b) Graph  $y = 2x - 13$  and  $y = \frac{1}{3}x^2 - \frac{13}{3}x + 15$   
 Solns at (12, 11) and (7, 1)

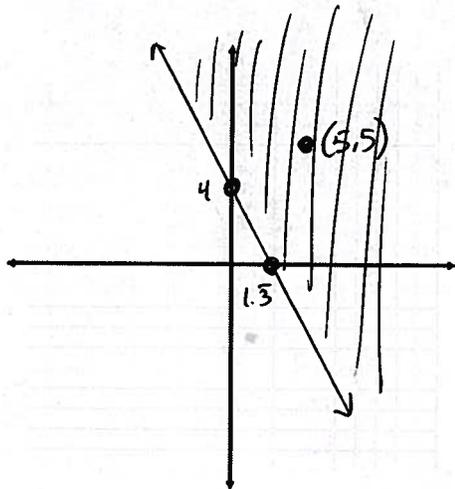
(c) Rectangle is (12-4) by (12-9) or 8 by 3.

(d) Perimeter is  $2(11) = 22$   
 Area is  $3(11) - 9 = 24$ .

*This one results in negative length.*

**Chapter 9 Inequalities**

Sketch the graph of the inequality  $y > -3x + 4$ . Use a test point to verify the solution region. Show your work.



$5 > -3(5) + 4$   
 $5 > -15 + 4$   
 $5 > -11$   
 Yep! (5, 5) is a solution.

Pierre wants to take his extended family to a movie at an IMAX theatre. He has a budget of \$150 to spend on tickets. Tickets for children cost \$9.50, and tickets for adults cost \$13.95.

- Write an inequality that represents the number of tickets that Pierre can afford.
- Graph the solution region.
- Interpret the solution set in reference to the number of tickets.

(A) Let  $c$  = number of children's tickets.  
 $a$  = number of adult tickets.

$$9.50c + 13.95a \leq 150$$

or

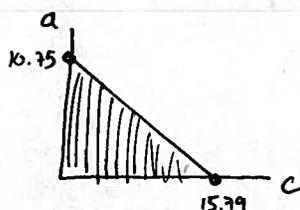
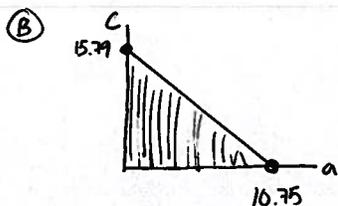
$$9.50c \leq 150 - 13.95a$$

$$c \leq -1.468a + 15.789$$

or

$$13.95a \leq 150 - 9.50c$$

$$a \leq -0.681c + 10.753$$



(C) Buy up to 15 child tickets, 10 adult tickets, or some combination of the two.

Determine the solution interval for the quadratic inequality  $-x^2 - 6x - 7 \geq 0$ .

$$-x^2 - 6x - 7 \geq 0 \quad a = -1 \quad b = -6 \quad c = -7$$

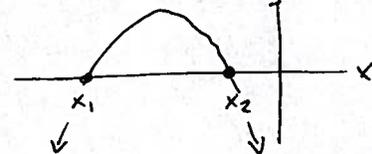
$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a} = \frac{-(-6) \pm \sqrt{(-6)^2 - 4(-1)(-7)}}{2(-1)}$$

$$x = \frac{6 \pm \sqrt{36 - 28}}{-2} = \frac{6 \pm \sqrt{8}}{-2} = \frac{6 \pm 2\sqrt{2}}{-2}$$

$$x = \frac{-3 \pm \sqrt{2}}{1}$$

$$x_1 = -3 - \sqrt{2} \approx -4.41$$

$$x_2 = -3 + \sqrt{2} \approx -1.59$$



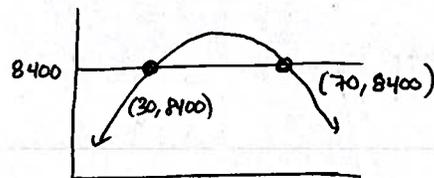
$$\{x \mid -3 - \sqrt{2} \leq x \leq -3 + \sqrt{2}, x \in \mathbb{R}\}$$

The royalties received by an author depend on the number of books sold and the price of each book. For a particular book, the royalties,  $R$ , in dollars, depend on the price,  $P$ , in dollars, according to the equation  $R = 0.02P(20\,000 - 200P)$ . For what range of prices would the author receive more than \$8400 in royalties?

Graph  $R = 0.02P(20\,000 - 200P)$  and graph  $R = 8400$

Window  $\rightarrow x: 10$  to  $90$   
 $y: 0$  to  $20000$

Calc  $\rightarrow$  Intersect.



Prices should be set as more than \$30 but less than \$70.