

First Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Last Name: \_\_\_\_\_

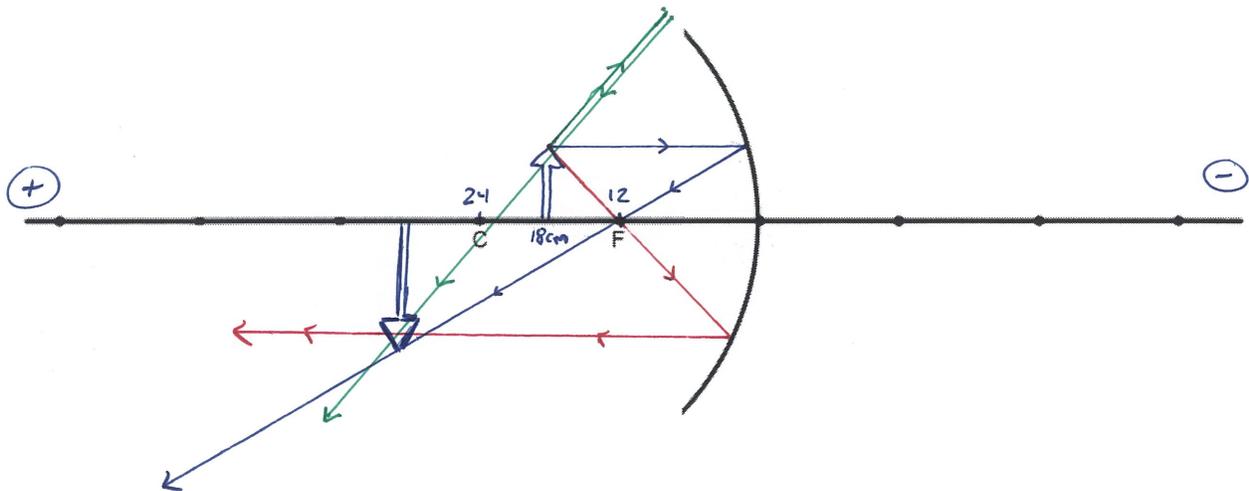
**Q4 - Worksheet - Reflection Ray Diagrams**

**Introduction Questions**

Use the following information to answer Q1-Q2:

A converging (concave) mirror has a focal distance of 12cm. A 5cm tall object is placed 18 cm away from the vertex.

**Q1:** Sketch the ray diagram.



**Q2:** Calculate the image distance, magnification, and attributes (real/virtual, erect/inverted, enlarged/diminished).

$f = +12$   
 $d_o = +18$   
 $d_i = ?$

$$\frac{1}{f} = \frac{1}{d_o} + \frac{1}{d_i}$$

$$\frac{1}{+12} = \frac{1}{+18} + \frac{1}{d_i}$$

$$d_i = +36\text{cm}$$

$\Downarrow$   
Real

$$m = \frac{-d_i}{d_o} = \frac{-36}{18} = -2$$

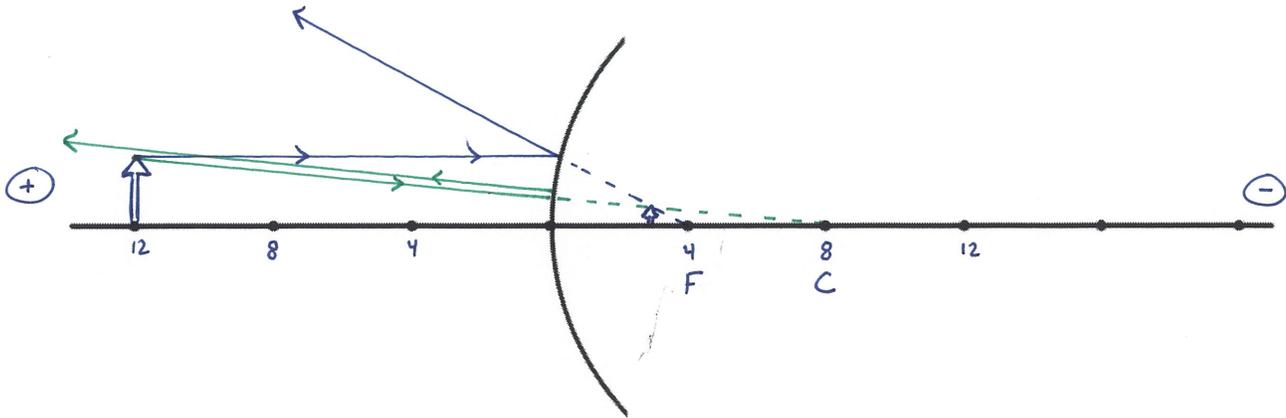
$\Downarrow$   
Negative means inverted

$\Downarrow$   
 $m > 1$  means enlarged.

Use the following information to answer Q3-Q4:

A diverging (convex) mirror has a focal distance of 4 cm. A 5cm tall object is placed 12 cm away from the vertex.

Q3: Sketch the ray diagram.



Q4: Calculate the image distance, magnification, and attributes (real/virtual, erect/inverted, enlarged/diminished) using your equations.

$f = -4$   
 $d_o = +12$   
 $d_i = ?$

$$\frac{1}{f} = \frac{1}{d_o} + \frac{1}{d_i}$$

$$\frac{1}{-4} = \frac{1}{12} + \frac{1}{d_i}$$

$$d_i = -3\text{cm}$$



Virtual

$$m = \frac{-d_i}{d_o} = \frac{-(-3)}{12} = +0.25$$

Positive means  
erect

$m < 1$  means  
diminished

Textbook Questions

Pg 664 #2: Determine the image distance, magnification, and attributes for the following:

(a) A converging mirror with a focal length of 12.0 cm with an object 6.0 cm from the mirror.

$$\begin{aligned}
 f &= +12.0 \text{ cm} \\
 d_o &= +6.0 \text{ cm} \\
 d_i &=? \\
 m &=? \\
 \text{Real/Virtual?} &
 \end{aligned}
 \qquad
 \begin{aligned}
 \frac{1}{f} &= \frac{1}{d_o} + \frac{1}{d_i} & m &= \frac{-d_i}{d_o} = \frac{12.0}{6.0} = 2x \rightarrow \text{ENLARGED} \\
 \frac{1}{12} &= \frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{d_i} & & \downarrow \\
 & & & \text{ERECT (POSITIVE)}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$d_i = -12.0 \text{ cm} \rightarrow \text{VIRTUAL}$$

(b) A diverging mirror of focal length 5.00 cm with an object 10.0 cm from the mirror.

$$\begin{aligned}
 f &= -5.00 \text{ cm} \\
 d_o &= 10.0 \text{ cm} \\
 d_i &=? \\
 m &=? \\
 \text{Real/Virtual?} &
 \end{aligned}
 \qquad
 \begin{aligned}
 \frac{1}{f} &= \frac{1}{d_o} + \frac{1}{d_i} & m &= \frac{-d_i}{d_o} = \frac{3.33}{10.0} = 0.333x \\
 \frac{1}{-5} &= \frac{1}{10} + \frac{1}{d_i} & & \downarrow \rightarrow \text{DIMINISHED} \\
 & & & \text{ERECT (POSITIVE)}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$d_i = -3.33 \text{ cm} \rightarrow \text{VIRTUAL}$$

(c) A diverging mirror of focal length 10.0 cm with an object 2.0 cm from the mirror.

$$\begin{aligned}
 f &= -10.0 \text{ cm} \\
 d_o &= 2.0 \text{ cm} \\
 d_i &=? \\
 m &=? \\
 \text{Real/Virtual?} &
 \end{aligned}
 \qquad
 \begin{aligned}
 \frac{1}{f} &= \frac{1}{d_o} + \frac{1}{d_i} & m &= \frac{-d_i}{d_o} = \frac{1.67}{2} = 0.83x \\
 \frac{1}{-10} &= \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{d_i} & & \downarrow \rightarrow \text{DIMINISHED} \\
 & & & \text{ERECT (POSITIVE)}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$d_i = -1.67 \text{ cm} \rightarrow \text{VIRTUAL}$$

**Pg 664 #3:** A 5.0-cm-high object is placed 2.0 cm in front of a converging mirror and the image is magnified  $-4x$ . Where does the image form and what is the focal length of the mirror?

$$\begin{aligned} h_o &= 5.0 \text{ cm} \\ d_o &= 2.0 \text{ cm} \\ m &= -4x \\ d_i &=? \\ f &=? \end{aligned}$$

INVERTED  
ENLARGED

$$\begin{aligned} m &= \frac{-d_i}{d_o} \\ -4 &= \frac{-d_i}{2} \\ d_i &= 8.0 \text{ cm} \rightarrow \text{REAL} \end{aligned}$$

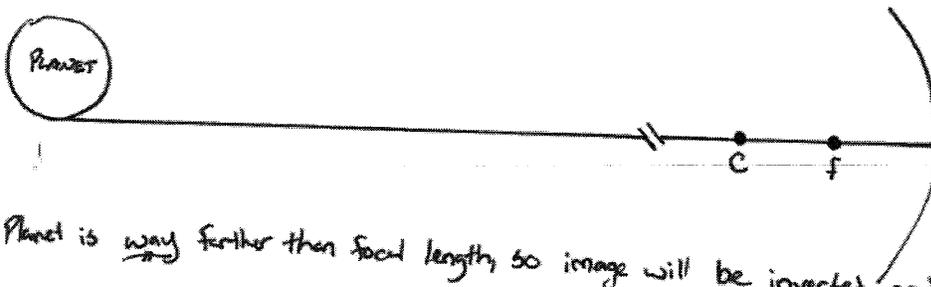
$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{f} &= \frac{1}{d_o} + \frac{1}{d_i} \\ \frac{1}{f} &= \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{8} \\ f &= 1.6 \text{ cm} \end{aligned}$$

**Pg 664 #5:** Light from a distance plant is incident on a converging mirror. The image of the plant forms on a screen 15.0 cm from the vertex of the mirror. Find the focal length of the mirror and the image characteristics.

$$\begin{aligned} d_i &= 15.0 \text{ cm} \\ d_o &=? \text{ Let's say... INFINITY!!} \\ f &=? \\ h_i &=? \\ h_o &=? \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{f} &= \frac{1}{d_o} + \frac{1}{d_i} \\ \frac{1}{f} &= \frac{1}{\infty} + \frac{1}{15} \\ \frac{1}{f} &= \frac{1}{15} \\ f &= 15.0 \text{ cm} \end{aligned}$$

LET'S DIAGRAM THIS...



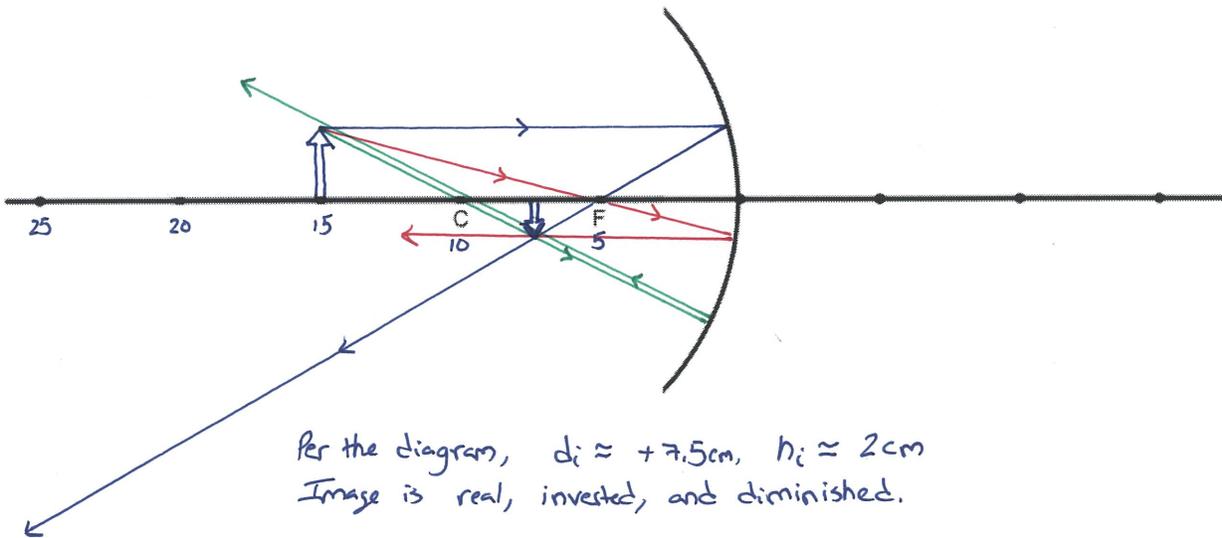
Plant is way further than focal length so image will be inverted and real.

$$m = \frac{-d_i}{d_o} = \frac{-15 \text{ cm}}{\text{SUPER BIG NUMBER}} = \text{tiny negative number}$$

$\downarrow$                        $\downarrow$   
 DIMINISHED          INVERTED

■ KEY ■

Pg 664 #4: A 4.0-cm-high object is placed 15.0 cm from a concave mirror of focal length 5.0 cm. Determine the image characteristics using a ray diagram and the mirror equation.



Equations

$d_o = +15$   
 $f = +5$   
 $d_i = ?$

$$\frac{1}{f} = \frac{1}{d_o} + \frac{1}{d_i}$$

$$\frac{1}{5} = \frac{1}{15} + \frac{1}{d_i}$$

$$d_i = +7.5\text{cm}$$

Real

$$m = \frac{-d_i}{d_o} = \frac{-7.5}{15} = -0.5$$

Negative means inverted

$|m| < 1$  means diminished.

$$m = \frac{h_i}{h_o}$$

$$-0.5 = \frac{h_i}{4}$$

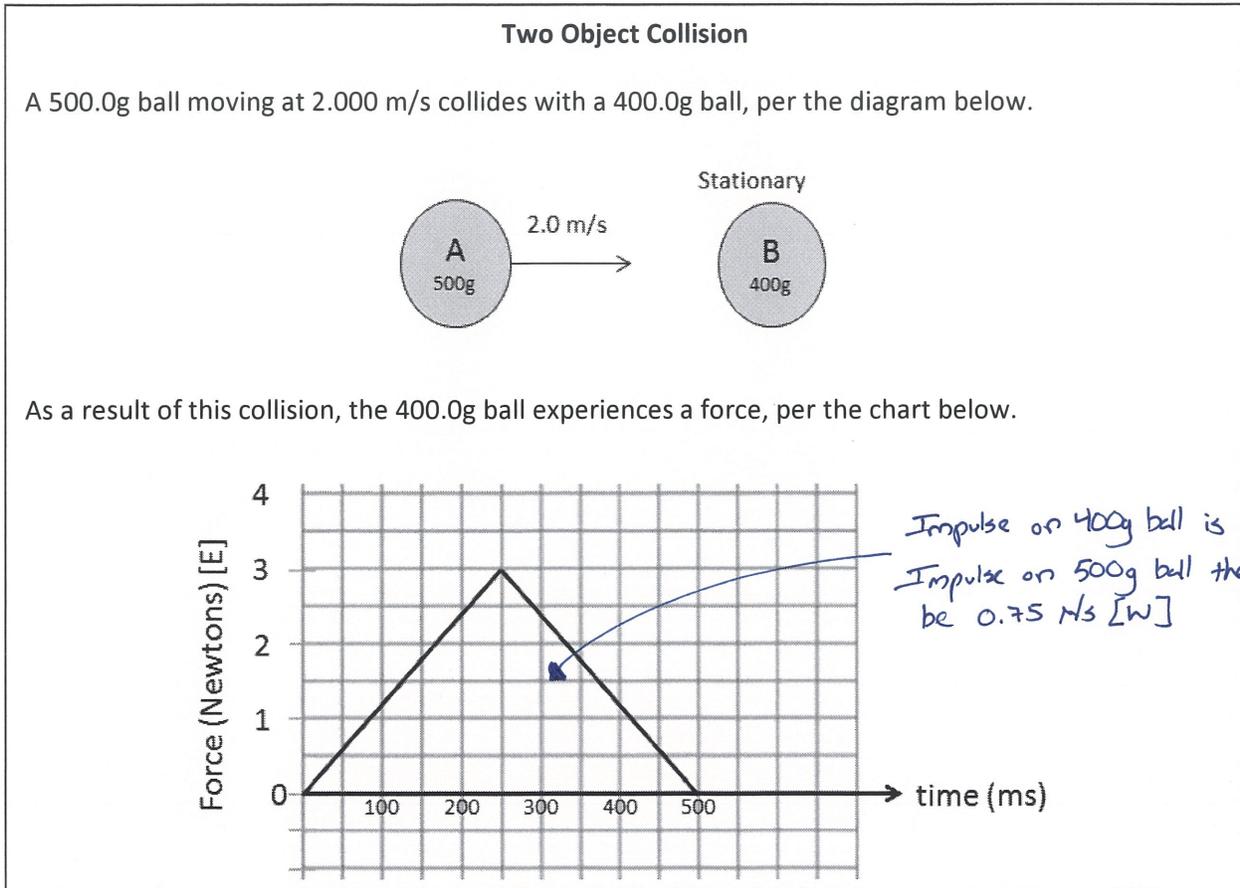
$$h_i = -2\text{ cm}$$

less than  $h_o$  means diminished.

Negative means inverted

Cumulative Review from Previous Units

Use the following information to answer Q1:



**Q1:** The final velocity of the 500.0g ball is  $a.bc \times 10^d$  m/s [E], where  $a$ ,  $b$ ,  $c$ , and  $d$  are \_\_, \_\_, \_\_, and \_\_.

(Record your **four-digit** answer in the numerical response boxes below.)

5	0	0	1
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Option #1: 500g ball

$$F \Delta t = m \Delta v$$

$$0.75 \text{ Ns [W]} = (0.5 \text{ kg}) \Delta v$$

$$\Delta v = 1.5 \text{ m/s [W]} \text{ or } -1.5 \text{ m/s [E]}$$

$$\Delta v = v_f - v_i$$

$$-1.5 = v_f - (+2)$$

$$v_f = +0.5 \text{ m/s [E]}$$

Option #2: 400g ball

$$F \Delta t = m \Delta v$$

$$0.75 \text{ Ns [E]} = (0.4) \Delta v$$

$$\Delta v = 1.875 \text{ m/s}$$

$$v_f = 1.875 \text{ m/s}$$

Now  $p_i = p_f$

$$(0.5)(2) + (0.4)(0) = (0.5)(v_f) + (0.4)(1.875)$$

$$1 + 0 = (0.5)v_f + 0.75$$

$$v_f = +0.5 \text{ m/s [E]}$$