

105 - Worksheet

Part 1: Math 20-2 Worksheet

Pg 198 #2a: Write $\frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}$ in its rationalized form.

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{5}} = \frac{\sqrt{5}}{5}$$

Pg 198 #13acd: Rationalize the denominator in each expression.

$$\frac{\sqrt{7}}{\sqrt{2}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{\sqrt{14}}{2}$$

$$\frac{-3\sqrt{8}}{\sqrt{6}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{6}}{\sqrt{6}} = \frac{-3\sqrt{48}}{6}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{72}}{2\sqrt{8}} = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{72}{8}}$$

$$= \frac{-3 \cdot 4\sqrt{3}}{6} = \frac{-12\sqrt{3}}{6} = -2\sqrt{3}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \cdot \sqrt{9}$$

$$= \frac{3}{2}$$

Pg 198 #14acd: Write each expression in simplest form.

$$\frac{\sqrt{12}}{\sqrt{3}} = \sqrt{\frac{12}{3}} = \sqrt{4} = 2$$

$$\frac{-3\sqrt{30}}{\sqrt{6}} = -3\sqrt{\frac{30}{6}}$$

$$= -3\sqrt{5}$$

$$\frac{-2\sqrt{98}}{\sqrt{8}} = -2\sqrt{\frac{98}{8}} = -2\sqrt{\frac{49}{4}}$$

$$= -2 \frac{\sqrt{49}}{\sqrt{4}} = \frac{-2(7)}{(2)}$$

$$= -7$$

Pg 198 #16acd: Write each expression in simplest form by rationalizing the denominator.

$$\frac{5\sqrt{10}}{\sqrt{3}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{5\sqrt{30}}{3}$$

$$\frac{(\sqrt{6}+\sqrt{2}) \cdot \sqrt{6}}{\sqrt{6} \cdot \sqrt{6}} = \frac{6+\sqrt{12}}{6}$$

$$\frac{(\sqrt{80}+2\sqrt{3}) \cdot \sqrt{5}}{3\sqrt{5} \cdot \sqrt{5}} = \frac{\sqrt{400} + 2\sqrt{15}}{3(5)}$$

$$= \frac{6+2\sqrt{3}}{6} = \frac{3+\sqrt{3}}{3}$$

$$= \frac{20 + 2\sqrt{15}}{15}$$

Pg 200 #21b: Simplify $\frac{3\sqrt{8}}{\sqrt{6}} * \frac{\sqrt{24}}{\sqrt{2}}$. Show your work.

$$\frac{3\sqrt{2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2}}{\sqrt{2 \cdot 3}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 3}}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{3\sqrt{2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 3}}{\sqrt{2 \cdot 2 \cdot 3}} = 3\sqrt{2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2} = 3\sqrt{2^2 \cdot 2^2}$$

$$= 3 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 = 12$$

Pg 203 #11acd: Simplify. Express your answer in simplest form.

$$\frac{2\sqrt{10}}{\sqrt{5}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{5}} = \frac{2\sqrt{50}}{5}$$

$$= \frac{2 \cdot 5\sqrt{2}}{5} = 2\sqrt{2}$$

$$\frac{-13\sqrt{12}}{26\sqrt{6}} = \frac{-13}{26} \sqrt{\frac{12}{6}}$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2} = -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$\frac{28\sqrt{10}}{2\sqrt{2}} = \frac{28}{2} \sqrt{\frac{10}{2}}$$

$$= 14\sqrt{5}$$

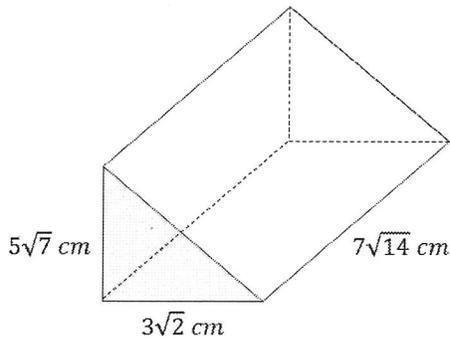
Part 2: Math 20-1 Worksheet

Pg 290 #10ac: Rationalize each denominator. Simplify.

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{5}{(2-\sqrt{3})} \cdot \frac{(2+\sqrt{3})}{(2+\sqrt{3})} &= \frac{10+5\sqrt{3}}{4+2\sqrt{3}-2\sqrt{3}-(3)} \\ &= \frac{10+5\sqrt{3}}{1} \\ &= 10+5\sqrt{3} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \left(\frac{-\sqrt{7}}{\sqrt{5}-2\sqrt{2}} \right) \cdot \frac{(\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{2})}{(\sqrt{5}+2\sqrt{2})} &= \frac{-\sqrt{35}-2\sqrt{14}}{(5)+2\sqrt{10}-2\sqrt{10}-4} \\ &= \frac{-\sqrt{35}-2\sqrt{14}}{-3} = \frac{-1(\sqrt{35}+2\sqrt{14})}{-1(3)} \\ &= \frac{\sqrt{35}+2\sqrt{14}}{3} \end{aligned}$$

Pg 290 #21: What is the volume of the right triangular prism?



$$\begin{aligned} \text{Area of base} &= \frac{1}{2}bh \\ &= \frac{1}{2}(5\sqrt{7})(3\sqrt{2}) \\ &= \frac{1}{2}(15\sqrt{14}) \\ &= \frac{15}{2}\sqrt{14} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Vol} &= \text{Base} \times \text{height} \\ &= \left(\frac{15}{2}\sqrt{14} \right) (7\sqrt{14}) \\ &= \frac{105}{2}(14) \\ &= 735 \end{aligned}$$